

	SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION			
Product Name	Derbiboard Tapered			
Product Identifier	Rigid polyisocyanurate foam panel			
Recommended Use	Rigid foam insulation panels for installation as delivered over roof decks. Consists of a flat or tapered closed-cell polyisocyanurate foam core bonded on both sides to a dark gray glass fiber reinforced felt facer. The thickness of the foam ranges from 1/2 to 4 inches. Intended to be covered by hot asphalt or coal tar BUR, modified bitumen, and single ply membrane system roof coverings.			
Restrictions	None			
Manufacturer	Performance Roof Systems			
Address	4821 Chelsea Avenue Kansas City, MO 64130			
Phone Number	(800) 727-9872			
Emergency Number	(800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)			
	SECTION 2 HAZARDS			
Hazard Pictographs				
Hazard Pictographs	SECTION 2 HAZARDS			

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION AND INGREDIENT INFORMATION

Chemical Composition

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	% BY WEIGHT *
isocyanurate homopolymer	None	78
n- pentane	109-66-0	<4.7
Fiberglass	65997-17-3	5
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1

* Weight % based on 1-inch foam thickness.



	SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES			
Eyes	Flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes. Do not rub or wipe eyes. If irritation persists, consult a medical professional.			
Skin	Wash with soap and cool running water.			
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Drink water to clear throat and blow nose to remove dust.			
Ingestion	Product is not intended to be ingested or eaten. If product is ingested, irritation of the gastrointestinal tract may occur, and should be treated symptomatically. Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water to remove particles, and drink plenty of wa to help reduce the irritation. [No chronic effects are expected following ingestion.]			
Symptoms, Acute & Delayed	Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information			
Immediate Medical Attention	This product is a mechanical irritant. It is not expected to produce any chronic health effects from acute exposures. Treatment should be directed toward removing the source of irritation with symptomatic treatment as necessary.			
	SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES			
Flash Point	Not applicable; product is not a liquid; LEL: 1.5% UEL: 7.8%			
Hazardous Products of Combustions	Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and undetermined hydrocarbon fractions could b released in small quantities.			
Extinguishing Media	Water spray/fog, CO2, dry chemical (consider media appropriate for surrounding materials)			
Firefighting instruction	The product is a solid article that will burn if exposed to an ignition source of sufficient heat and intensity, or open flame, such as a welder's torch. It should be installed with a 15-minute thermal barrier between it and the structure's interior. Under certain fire conditions, combustible gases can be generated, creating rapidly spreading, high-intensity flames and dense, black smoke.			
Explosion Hazard	None			
Protection Gear	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).			
	SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES			
Personal Precautions	No special precautions should be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended.			
Environmental Precautions	Do not discard residues into sewers, storm sewers, or surface waters. If accidentally released to a water body, material will float and disperse with wind and current; contain the material with booms and remove either manually or with a vacuum truck.			
	Chemicals in this material are not expected to cause harm to aquatic or terrestrial plants or animals; however, fish or other animals may eat the product, which could obstruct their digestive tracts.			
	Be a good steward of the environment and clean up residues (some components of the product are not biodegradable).			
Method and Materials for Containment & Clean Up	Pick up large pieces. Vacuum dust. If sweeping is necessary, use a dust suppress such as water. These procedures will help to minimize potential exposures. Scoop			

material and put into a suitable container for disposal as a nonhazardous waste.

ABBREVIATION KEY



SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE				
Handling	Cutting of product should be done in a manner to reduce or control generation of airborne dusts. Avoid unnecessary dust exposures when cutting or abrading by using adequate local or general ventilation. Avoid dust contact with ignition sources. Handle product using good industrial hygiene and safety practices.			
Storage	Store in a dry, well-ventilated area. Assure storage containers or areas and shipping containers are adequately ventilated. No Smoking—No Matches— No Lighters—No Welding rules should be enforced. Install according to manufacturer's recommendations.			
SEC	TION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION			
Respiratory Protection	If respiratory tract irritations occur or if any dust exposure limit is exceeded, use a res- pirator such as 3M Model 8271 or Model 8210, or equivalent for protection against nuisance dusts. When normal ventilation is provided to work area, no respiratory protection is needed for pentane vapor.			
Protective Clothing	To avoid skin irritation from excessive dust generated during cutting operations, wear long-sleeved, loose fitting clothing, long pants, and gloves.			
Eye Protection	Goggles or safety glasses with side shields are recommended.			
Work Area Cleanup:	Pick up large pieces; do not wash down drain. Sweep or vacuum smaller pieces into a waste container for disposal. If needed, use water spray to wet down and minimize dust generation. Do not dry sweep dust accumulation or use compressed air for cleanup.			
Work/Hygienic Practices	Exposed skin areas should be washed with soap and cool water after working with			

Occupational Exposure Limits

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COMPONENT	CAS NUMBER			
Nuisance dusts NOS containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica	14808-60-7	15 TWA (total) 5 TWA (respirable)	10 TWA	Not Established
Fiberglass	65997-17-3	See nuisance dusts	5 TWA	Not Established
Carbon black	1333-86-4	3.5 TWA	3.5 TWA	3.5 TWA 1,750 IDLH
n-Pentane	109-66-0	2,950 TWA	1,410 TWA	350 TWA 1,800 Ceiling 3,525 IDLH
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	0.9 TWA 2.5 STEL	0.4 TWA	0.02 TWA 0.12 STEL 25 IDLH

product. Clothing should be laundered separately from other clothes.

NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety OSHA = Occupational Safety & Health Administration ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene

- PEL = Permissible Exposure Level TLV = Threshold Limit Value
- TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

ABBREVIATION KEY



	SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Physical State	Solid			
Appearance	White cream colored solid with dark gray glass fiber reinforced felt facer			
Odor	No odor			
рН	No data available			
Relative Evaporation Rate	No data available			
Boiling Point	Not applicable; product is not a liquid			
Freezing Point	No data available			
Flash Point	Not applicable; product is not a liquid			
Auto-ignition Temperature	No data available			
Decomposition Temperature	No data available			
Specific Gravity (H ₂ 0 =1)	<1			
Vapor pressure	514 mm Hg at 25°C			
Vapor Density (AIR=1)	2.49			
Solubility in Water	Insoluble			
	SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY			
Stability	Stable. Service temperature range: -100 to 250°F. To prevent structural deterioration, avoid contact with acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, tetrahydrofuran, chlorine, chloroform, hydrogen peroxide, ethylene dichloride, dimethyl sulfoxide, and dimethylformamide.			
Hazardous Decomposition	None identified			
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur			
	SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
LD50 Oral Rat	>446 mg/kg (based upon Textile Fibrous Glass)			
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	None identified None identified			
Mutagenicity Carcinogenicity	Textile Fibrous Glass			
Carcinogenicity Teratogenicity	None identified			
Reproductive Toxicity	None identified			
INHALATION HAZARDS:	Hono Idontiliou			
Polyiso foam				
Acute Effects	Dust may cause transient mechanical irritation of the upper respiratory tract. Work place exposures to residual pentanes from this product are expected to be below levels of any health risk. Overexposure to high concentrations of pentane can cause narcotic effects. Signs and symptoms of overexposure to pentane include headache, nausea, dizziness, difficulty walking, or sleepiness. Studies have shown that short-term (10-minute) exposures to pentane concentrations as high as 5,000 ppm (11,750 mg/m3) produced no symptoms.			
Chronic Effects	There is no evidence that dust from polyiso foam causes disease in humans, and no chronic effects are known for exposures to pentane.			
	ABBREVIATION KE			



SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INHALATION HAZARDS:					
Filament glass fibers Acute Effects	(generated dust and residual vapor) Airborne fragments of glass fibers may cause mechanical irritation of the upper respiratory tract, particularly mouth, nose and throat; glass dust may cause transient irritation of the upper respiratory tract.				
Chronic Effects	No chronic health effects are known to be associated with exposure to glass fibers. Results from epidemiological studies have not shown any increase in respiratory disease or cancer. The International Agency for Research on Cancer has classified continuous filament fiberglass "Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity to Humans" (Group 3).				
Limestone and L Acute Effects	(generated dust and residual vapor) Dust may cause transient mechanical irritation of the upper respiratory tract. Workplace exposure limits are provided in table below.				
Chronic Effects	There is no evidence that dust, containing limestone or latex, causes disease in humans.				
EYE CONTACT HAZARDS:					
Acute Effects	Dust may cause transient mechanical irritation of the upper respiratory tract. Work place exposures to residual pentanes from this product are expected to be below levels of any health risk. Overexposure to high concentrations of pentane can cause narcotic effects. Signs and symptoms of overexposure to pentane include head-ache, nausea, dizziness, difficulty walking, or sleepiness. Studies have shown that short-term (10-minute) exposures to pentane concentrations as high as 5,000 ppm (11,750 mg/m ³) produced no symptoms.				
Chronic Effects	There is no evidence that dust from polyiso foam causes disease in humans, and no chronic effects are known for exposures to pentane				
SKIN CONTACT HAZARDS:					
Acute Effects	Direct contact with rough-cut foam or facers can cause mechanical abrasion cuts or puncture to fingers, hands or exposed skin.				
Chronic Effects	None known				

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Chemicals in this material are not expected to cause harm to aquatic or terrestrial plants or animals; however, fish or other animals may eat the product, which could obstruct their digestive tracts.

Be a good steward of the environment and clean up residues (some components of the product are not biodegradable).

This product is not manufactured with, nor does it contain any Class 1 Ozone depleting chemicals as defined by EPA in Title VI of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 40 CFR Part 82, Protection of Stratospheric Ozone.

This product is not classified as a hazardous air pollutant in the Title III Clean Air Act of 1990.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

This product, if discarded as supplied, is not considered a hazardous waste under RCRA (40 CFR 261) and may be placed directly into receptacles that will transport the waste to a municipal waste, industrial waste, or demolition waste landfill. If contact with a contaminating substance alters the material, it is the user's responsibility to determine at the time of disposal whether it meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Dispose in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.



SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION				
Transportation RegulationsThis product is not regulated as a hazardous material in transportation.National Motor Freight Classification (NMFC)157320, Class 150				
	SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION			
TSCA Inventory	Components are listed			
DSL Inventory	Components are listed			
WHMIS Classification	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of Canada's Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all of the information required by said regulations. All chemical components are on Canada's Domestic Substances List (DSL). Pentane is the only constituent on Canada's Ingredients Disclosure List (IDL) that exceeds threshold concentrations.			
Sara 313	None present			
Sara 311/312 Categories	Acute Health Hazard; Chronic Health Hazard			
CERCLA	None present			
California Proposition 65	Known to the State of California to Cause Cancer. This warning is provided in accordance with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.			

Right to Know States

COMPONENT	CAS NUMBER	СА	МА	MN	IJ	PA	RI
n-Pentane	109-66-0	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Fiberglass	65997-17-3	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
Carbon black	1333-86-4	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Silica, crystalline	14808-60-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION				
Preparation Date	January 2016			
Revision Date	January 2022			
Summary of Changes	Branding update			
Disclaimer	The information and recommendations contained herein are to the best of Performance Roof Systems' knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. Performance Roof Systems does not warrant or guarantee their accuracy or reliability, and Performance Roof Systems shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising out of the use thereof.			
	The information and recommendations are offered for the users consideration and examination, and it is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for its particular use. It is also the users responsibility to make certain that it is relying upon the most recent, updated, information and recommendations available from Performance Roof Systems.			

ABBREVIATION KEY

- DSL
 = Domestic Substances List (Canada)

 CERCLA
 = Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

 NIOSH
 = National Institute for Occupational Safety